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magnesium chloride and the like. Among them L-menthol is particularly desirable, because it exerts a refreshing feeling and further increases the bitterness-improving effect. L-Menthol is added in an amount of from 0.01 to 2% by weight, preferably from 0.05 to 1% by weight, more preferably from 0.1 to 0.5% by weight, based on the total weight of the preparation.

IN THE CLAIMS:

Please cancel claim 2 without prejudice or disclaimer.

Please enter the following amended claims:

- 1. (Amended) A taste masking oral administration preparation consisting essentially of a drug having at least one basic group in its structure, thereby rendering an unpleasant taste, a sugar alcohol having a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less and a pH adjusting agent.
- 3. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the drug has a bitter taste.
- 4. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the drug is an H₂ blocker.
- 6. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the drug is a mixture of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of cimetidine, tranexamic acid and cetraxate hydrochloride.
- 7. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the sugar alcohol having a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less is a mixture of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of crythritol, xylitol, mannitol and sorbitol.

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- 8. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the sugar alcohol having a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less is erythritol.
- 9. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the sugar alcohol having a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less is from 0.1 to 50 parts by weight based on 1 part by weight of the drug having an unpleasant taste.
- 10. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the sugar alcohol having a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less is from 5 to 10 parts by weight based on 1 part by weight of the drug.
- 11. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein pH value of a 1% (w/v) aqueous solution or 1% (w/v) aqueous suspension of the pH adjusting agent is equal to or higher than the pKa value of the drug or equal to or higher than the pH value of a 1% (w/v) aqueous solution or 1% (w/v) aqueous suspension of the drug.
- 12. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the pH adjusting agent is a mixture of one or more compounds selected from the group consisting of sodium bicarbonate, sodium dihydrogen phosphate anhydrous and precipitated calcium carbonate.
- 13. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the pH adjusting agent is from 0.1 to 200 parts by weight based on 1 part by weight of the drug.
- 14. (Amended) The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein the pH adjusting agent is from 0.5 to 7 parts by weight based on 1 part by weight of the drug.
- 15. (Amended) A taste masking oral administration preparation consisting essentially of an H₂ blocker, from 5 to 10 parts by weight of a sugar alcohol having a heat of

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(Amended)

19.

dissolution of -20 cal/g or less and from 0.5 to 7 parts by weight of a pH adjusting agent, based on 1 part by weight of an H₂ blocker.

- The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein 16. (Amended) it further contains a sweetener and/or a corrective agent.
- The oral administration preparation according to claim 1, wherein 17. (Amended) it further contains aspartame and/or L-menthol
- A method for masking the taste of an oral administration preparation comprising administering significant preparation consisting essentially of a drug having at least one basic gray sin its structure there youndering an unpleasant taste, which is effected by including a swar alcohol wining a heat of dissolution of -20 cal/g or less and a pH adjusting agent.
 - The method for masking the taste of an oral administration 20. (Amended) preparation according to claim 19, wherein a sweetener and/or corrective agent is further included.

Please add the following new claims:

(New) A method for masking the taste of an oral administration preparation in an 21. oral cavity, comprising administering an oral administration preparation which comprises a drug compound which has a basic group in its structure, and increasing pH in the oral cavity to the pKa value or more of the drug using a pH adjusting agent in the oral administration preparation wherein the basic group is un-dissociated and wherein the solubility of the drug compound is reduced in the oral cavity.

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22. (New) A method for masking the taste of an oral administration preparation in an oral cavity, comprising administering an oral administration preparation which comprises a drug compound which has a basic group in its structure and changing the taste of the drug by increasing its solubility in fat.

23. (New) A method for masking the taste of an oral administration preparation in an oral cavity, comprising

administering an oral administration preparation which comprises an amphoteric drug compound which has a basic and an acidic group in its structure,

increasing pH in the oral cavity to the pKa value or more of the acidic group in the structure using a pH adjusting agent in the oral administration preparation,

effecting dissociation of the acid group, and

forming an intramolecular salt or a salt of the pH adjusting agent.

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- 24. (New) The method of claim 23 further comprising dissociation of the basic group.
- 25. (New) A method for masking the taste of an oral administration preparation in an oral cavity, comprising

administering an oral administration preparation which comprises a drug compound which is an acid addition salt of a compound which has a basic group or an acid addition salt of an amphoteric compound,

eliminating the acid addition salt and converting the drug into its free form using a pH adjusting agent in the oral administration preparation.